

Supplementary information

Hydrolysis of Cellulose by a Mesoporous Carbon-Fe₂(SO₄)₃/γ-Fe₂O₃ Nanoparticle-Based Solid Acid Catalyst

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Legend

MCNC: mesoporous carbon- γ -Fe₂O₃ nanoparticle composite

MCNC-SA: MCNC-based solid acid catalyst

Table S1 | Brauner-Emmett-Teller (BET) surface areas, total pore volumes, and average pore sizes of MCNC-SA samples synthesized using different iron nitrate concentrations.

Samples (with iron nitrate concentration)	BET specific surface area ($\text{m}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$)	Total pore volume ($\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1}$)	Average pore size (nm)
1.25 g L^{-1}	17.4	0.060	13.90
2.50 g L^{-1}	39.1	0.103	10.51
5.00 g L^{-1}	65.6	0.106	6.44
10.0 g L^{-1}	114.4	0.177	6.20
15.0 g L^{-1}	129.1	0.218	6.76

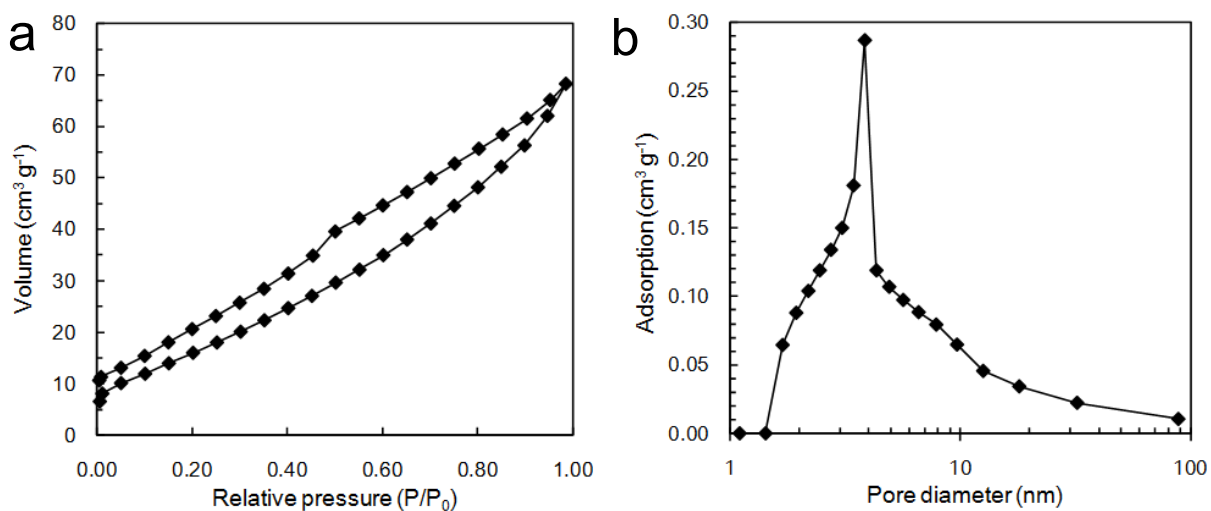


Figure S1 | Pore size distributions of MCNC-SA (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L^{-1}). (a) Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms. (b) Pore size distribution obtained from desorption isotherms as calculated by the BJH (Barrett-Joyner-Halenda) method.

Table S2 | Compositions of MCNC-SA.

Sample ^a (with iron nitrate concentration)	C (1s)	N (1s)	O (1s)	Na (1s)	S (2p)	Fe (2p _{3/2})
5.0 g L ⁻¹	71.7	1.3	23.5	0.2	2.4	0.9

a) Elemental compositions by XPS analysis, in atomic percent.

Samples ^b (with iron nitrate concentration)	C	H	N	S	Fe ^c
1.25 g L ⁻¹	60.22	2.40	1.03	5.18	1.40
2.50 g L ⁻¹	58.53	2.44	0.89	4.83	–
5.00 g L ⁻¹	54.18	1.85	0.66	4.64	6.21
10.0 g L ⁻¹	52.09	1.86	0.69	4.41	–
15.0 g L ⁻¹	55.06	2.34	0.84	4.69	6.33

b) Compositions determined by elemental analyzer, in weight percent.

c) Calculated from ash (Fe₂O₃) weight percent.

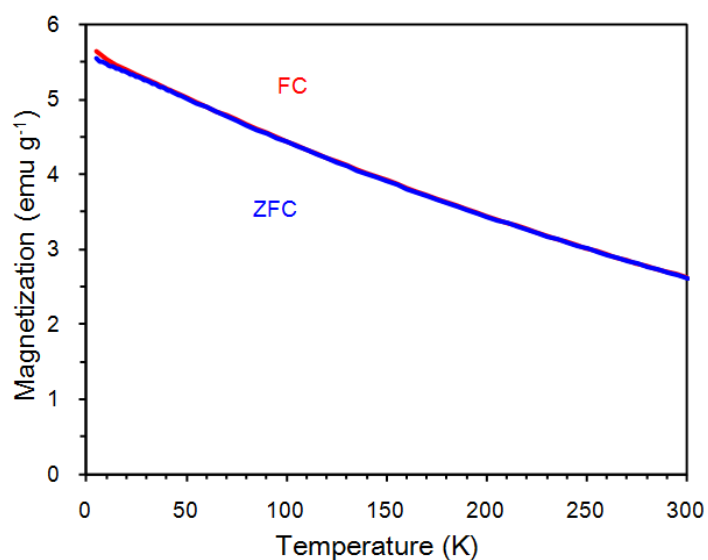


Figure S2 | Zero field cooled (ZFC) and field cooled (FC) magnetization for MCNC-SA (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L⁻¹).

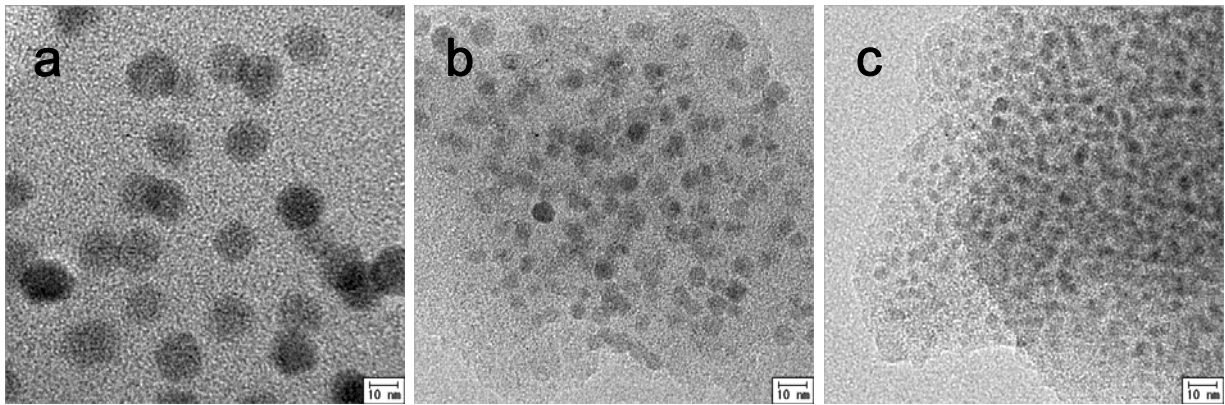


Figure S3 | Iron oxide nanoparticle sizes in the MCNC-SA carbon matrix. TEM images of MCNC-SA, prepared from iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solutions with concentrations of (a) 1.25 g L^{-1} , (b) 5.00 g L^{-1} and (c) 15.0 g L^{-1} .

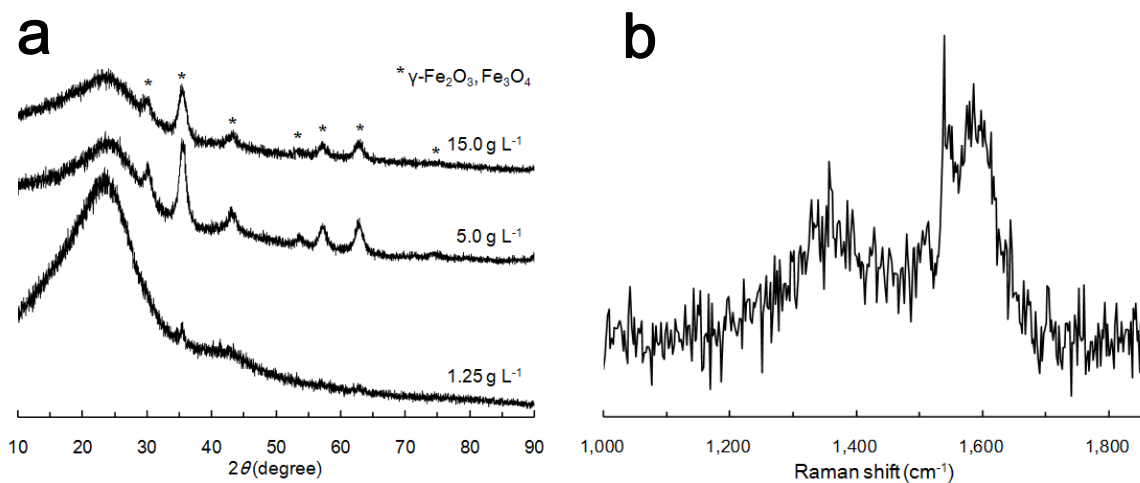


Figure S4 | Structures of MCNC-SA. (a) The XRD pattern of the samples. The diffraction peaks can be assigned to $\gamma\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ (JCPDS card No. 39-1346) or Fe_3O_4 (JCPDS card No. 19-0629). (b) Raman spectrum of the sample (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L^{-1}).

Table S3 | Mössbauer effect parameters of MCNC-SA (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L⁻¹).

Temperature	Component	δ ^{a)}	Δ ^{a)}	H ^{a)}	%Fe
293 K	[1]	+0.26	0.34	0	62
	[2]	+0.38	0.64	0	38
78 K	[1]	+0.46	+0.03	506	18
	[2]	+0.57	-0.11	434	45
	[3]	+0.53	0.61	0	37

a) δ : isomer shift (mm s⁻¹), Δ : quadrupole shift (mm s⁻¹), H : magnetic field (kOe).

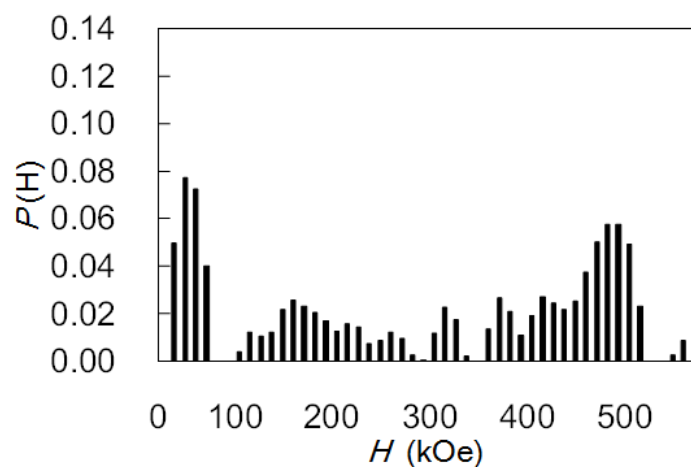


Figure S5 | The magnetic field distribution analysis for MCNC-SA at 78 K, assuming that the paramagnetic component gives a quadrupole shift doublet (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L⁻¹).

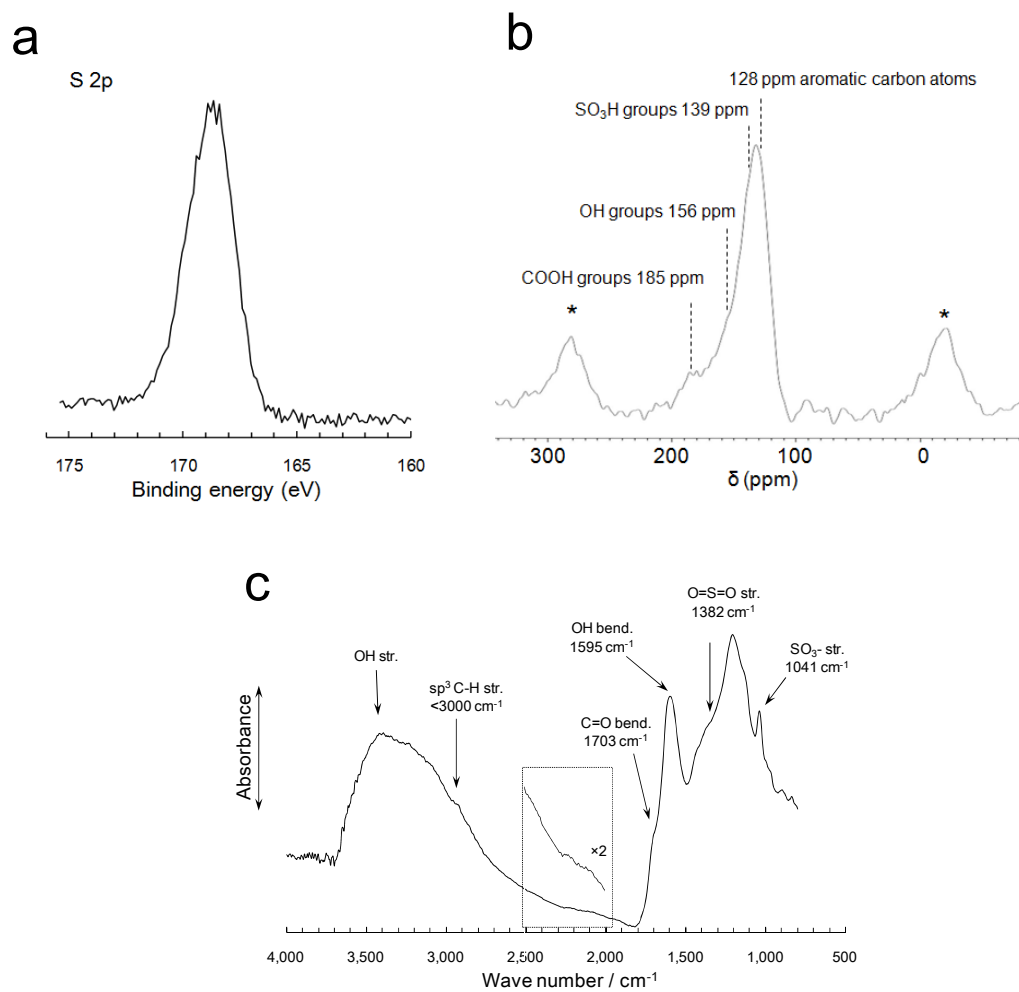


Figure S6 | Surface functional groups of MCNC-SA (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 5.0 g L⁻¹). (a) S 2p peak in the XPS spectrum. (b) ¹³C-CP/MAS NMR spectrum (* denotes spinning side bands). (c) FTIR spectrum.

Table S4 | Magnetic remanence (M_r), saturation magnetization (M_s), and coercivity (H_c) of MCNC-SA samples synthesized using different iron nitrate concentrations.

Samples (with iron nitrate concentration)	M_r (emu g ⁻¹)	M_s (emu g ⁻¹)	H_c (Oe)	M_r / M_s
1.25 g L ⁻¹	0.05	0.51	42	0.089
2.50 g L ⁻¹	0.05	1.61	25	0.028
5.00 g L ⁻¹	0.17	5.70	28	0.030
10.0 g L ⁻¹	0.20	8.38	23	0.024
15.0 g L ⁻¹	0.03	5.58	9	0.006

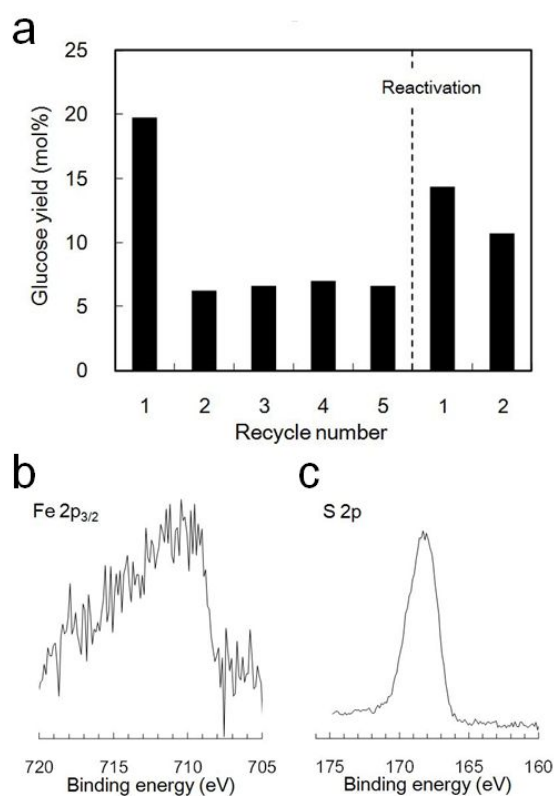


Figure S7 | Repeated hydrolysis of cellobiose using MCNC-SA (concentration of iron(III) nitrate enneahydrate solution: 1.25 g L⁻¹). (a) Reaction conditions: MCNC-SA, 0.10 g; cellobiose, 0.12 g; water, 0.7 g; reaction temperature, 90 °C; reaction time, 3 h. (b) Fe 2p_{3/2} and (c) C 2p XPS spectra of the catalyst after one use.